

# Booting into Keygold Recovery

Follow these steps to start Keygold Recovery:

On many computers you can boot straight into Keygold Recovery by inserting your Keygold USB memory key into an available USB port on your computer and starting the computer up. If this fails, use the Keygold Recovery boot CD included with the key. Put the CD in the CD drive and the USB key into a working USB key port and turn the computer on and off. This should perform the initial start-up sequence. If you do not see the Keygold Recovery welcome screen, you will need to change your computer's start up sequence. Don't worry, it's not hard to do and we'll tell you how!

## Setting Your Computer to Boot from the CD

Most computers are set up so that when you first turn on your computer it will check to see if you want to boot from other drives besides your hard drive but sometimes computers won't boot from the CD drive first. To change the "boot order" or start up sequence of your computer, you need to take five minutes to enter the system BIOS setup screen. Press the correct key for your specific system (see Table 1) to enter BIOS setup.

Computer Model	BIOS Keys
Acer®	F1, F2, CTRL+ALT+ESC
AST®	CTRL+ALT+ESC, CTRL+ALT+DEL
Compaq® 8700	F10
CompUSA®	DEL
Cybermax®	ESC
Dell® 400	F3, F1
Dell Dimension®	F2 or DEL
Dell Inspiron®	F2
Dell Latitude	Fn+F1 (while booted)
Dell Latitude	F2 (on boot)
Dell Optiplex	DEL
Dell Optiplex	F2
Dell Precision™	F2
eMachine™	DEL
Gateway® 2000 1440	F1
Gateway 2000 Solo™	F2
HP®(Hewlett-Packard)	F1, F2
IBM®	F1
IBM E-pro Laptop	F2
IBM PS/2®	CTRL+ALT+INS after CTRL+ALT+DEL
IBM Thinkpad® (newer)	Start   Programs   Thinkpad CFG
Intel® Tangent	DEL
Micron™	F1, F2, or DEL
Packard Bell®	F1, F2, DEL
Sony® VIAO	F2, F2
Tiger	DEL
Toshiba® 335 CDS	ESC
Toshiba Protege	ESC
Toshiba Satellite 205 CDS	F1
Toshiba Tecra	F1 or ESC

TABLE 1

**Caution:**

Working in the BIOS setup screens allows you to change many important settings. It's best to just stick to the boot order, and later, if you want, you can go into the bios and change it back later.

1. Look for where it says Boot and enter the sub menu.
2. Select Boot Sequence, and press Enter. Table 2 shows an example of the boot sequence screen.

Anti-Virus Protection	[Disabled]	Item Help
CPU L1 & L2 Cache	[Enabled]	
CPU Hyper-Threading	[Enabled]	
CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking	[Enabled]	
Quick Power ON Self Test	[Enabled]	
First Boot Device	[Floppy]	Menu Level ▶
Second Boot Device	[HDD-0]	Allows you to choose the VIRUS warning feature for IDE Hard
Third Boot Device	[CDROM]	Disk boot sector protection. If this function is enabled
Boot Other Device	[Enabled]	
Swap Floppy Drive	[Disabled]	

TABLE 2

The screen you're looking for may be under Advanced BIOS Features or Advanced Boot Options. Use the arrow keys to navigate.

If the next screen looks similar to Table 2, then you are in the right place. Note that there are not a ton of options in a BIOS, so just go through every page if you have to until you see something like First Boot Device, Boot Order, Boot Management, Boot Sequence, etc.

As you can see, there is a First, Second and Third Boot Device. Scroll down and use the arrow keys to change the device to HDD (hard drive), Floppy, CDROM, or Network.

Finally, go to Exit and make sure you choose **Yes** to the **Save configuration changes and exit now?** question.

That's pretty much it! If you need more info, visit this blog [here](#) - and if you need still more info, post a comment on the blog and you should have a reply quickly.

\*note: If you are using a USB Keyboard and cannot get into the BIOS, you might need to use a standard PS2 Keyboard.